

COMPETE Conference

Bioenergy for Sustainable Development in Africa – Lessons Learnt from COMPETE

The COMPETE Project – Activities and Results



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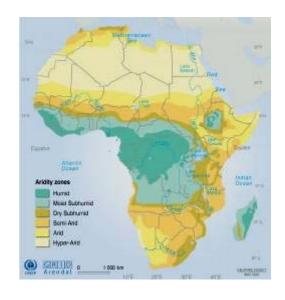


COMPETE

Competence Platform on Energy Crop and Agroforestry Systems for Arid and Semi-Arid Ecosystems - Africa



Duration: January 2007 to December 2009 www.compete-bioafrica.net





COMPETE is supported by the European Commission in the 6th Framework Programme

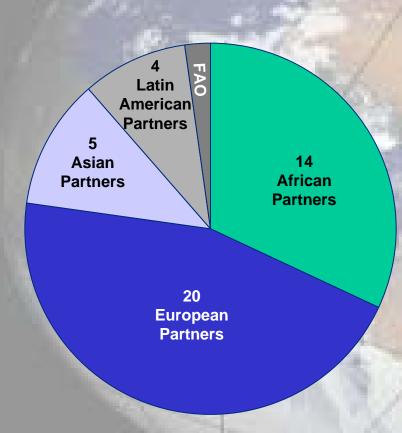








Project Partners



African Countries:

Botswana, Burkina Faso, Kenya, Mali, Senegal, South Africa, Tanzania, Zambia

44 Partners from 4 Continents









Objectives of COMPETE

- Create a competence platform (network) for energy crops
- Exchange knowledge: Africa EU LAT Asia
- Improve life quality for rural population in Africa
- Preserve arid/semi-arid ecosystems in Africa

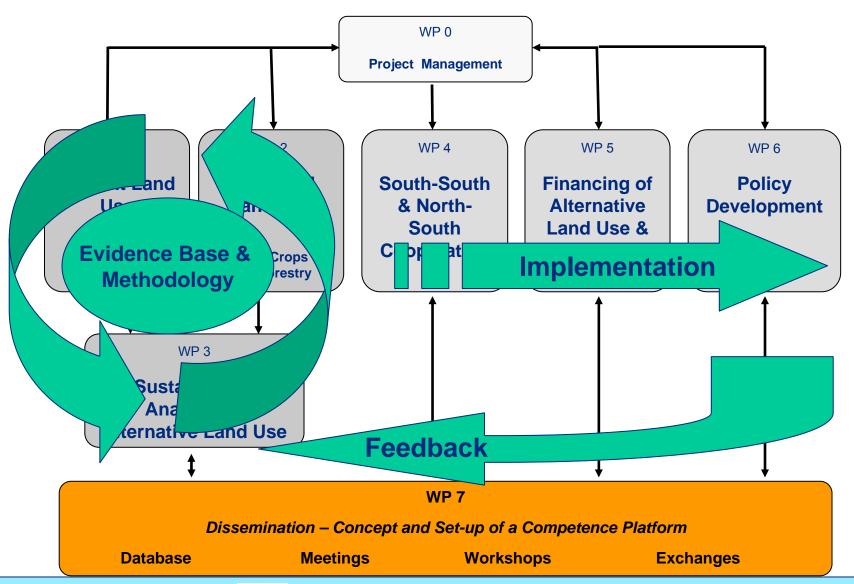








Project Overview

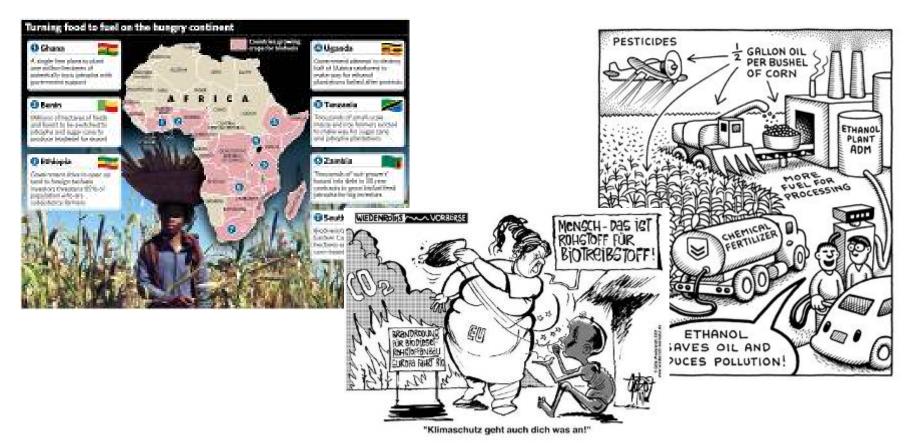






Objective: Guarantee SUSTAINABLE biofuels

- Avoid generalisations creating a negative image of biofuels









Sustainability in Africa

- Biofuels are now introduced at large scales in many African countries
- Biofuel exports and local use of biofuels have the potential to mitigate poverty and to contribute to economic development!
- Biofuel production can cause negative social and environmental impacts!
- In order to avoid this, sustainable biofuel production has to be ensured!
- → Challenge: How can this be achieved without blocking development opportunities?





COMPETE Activities - 1

- COMPETE Workshop on 'Improved Energy Crop and Agroforestry Systems for Sustainable Development in Africa',
 22 June 2007 in Mauritius
- COMPETE Participation at the First High-level Biofuels Seminar in Africa;
 A joint activity of the African Union Commission, Brazilian Government and UNIDO; 30 July to 1 August 2007 in Addis Ababa
- COMPETE Meeting and Roundtables in Burkina Faso 26-29 November 2007 in Ouagadougou
- COMPETE Seminars and Field Visits to Brazil, India and Mexico October 2007, February 2008, and March 2009
- COMPETE Workshop on Financing of Alternative Land Use
 15 April 2008 Dakar, Senegal







COMPETE Activities - 2

- COMPETE Conference and Policy Debate on 'Biofuel Sustainability Schemes - An African Perspective, 16-19 June 2008, Arusha, Tanzania
- COMPETE Workshop 'Bioenergy Policies for Sustainable Development in Africa', 25-27 November 2008, Bamako, Mali
- COMPETE Conference 'Bioenergy Policy Implementation in Africa', 26-28 May 2009, Lusaka, Zambia
- COMPETE Workshop 'Bioenergy for Rural Development in Africa and Asia', 30 June 2009, Hamburg, Germany
- COMPETE Conference 'Sustainable Bioenergy Projects in Africa Barriers and Opportunities for Financing ', Sept/Oct. 2009, Dakar, Senegal













Conference and Policy Debate on "Bioenergy Sustainability Schemes – An African Perspective



- 16-17 June 2008, Arusha, Tanzania
- Participation of high-level policymakers from several African countries (Kenya, Mozambique, Tanzania, Uganda, Zambia)



- Cooperation with international organisations and initiatives (RSB, FAO-BEFS, GTZ)
- Expected Result: Policy Declaration on Sustainable Biofuels in Africa
- Declaration available: www.compete-bioafrica.net







COMPETE Declaration on Sustainable Bioenergy for Africa

Visions guiding policies for bioenergy development



- (a) Improve livelihoods for the rural population;
- (b) Increase energy access and income generation opportunities;
- (c) Make large-scale production of biofuels sustainable, involve communities, smallholders, cooperatives, local enterprises and foreign investors;
- (d) Improve agricultural practices and sustainable soil and land management

Markets (local, national, international) for bioenergy development

- (a) Create policies and standards to facilitate and guide bioenergy market development favouring local over export markets in initial stages;
- (b) Give priority to small-scale projects and local markets (e.g. rural electrification, water pumping, transport fuels in agriculture); then,
- (c) Explore export, global markets and large-scale projects; In all cases, ensure value created for local farmers





Development of Land Use Strategies (Avoid Food-Fuel Conflict)



- (a) Include bioenergy in national land use plans and regulations;
- (b) Identify real potential of countries and regions to produce food, energy, materials and chemicals;
- (c) Map indigenous land use practices and build bioenergy development on existing knowledge and practices;
- (d) Identify appropriate use of land and water resources with respect to the local needs of rural communities

Appropriate land tenure systems

- (a) Grant Concessions/ownership by national authorities for bioenergy projects focussing on rural and social development;
- (b) Avoid displacement of the rural population and
- (c) Avoid corruption regarding land use issues









Capacity building and R&D

- (a) Collect and disseminate knowledge on policies and implementation strategies and implement clear strategies and regulations;
- (b) Built Agricultural and technical expertise, R&D on new crops and improved crop management systems and Scale up existing best practices





COMPETE Documents

- COMPETE Declaration on Sustainable Bioenergy for Africa, June 2008, Arusha
- COMPETE Bioenergy Policy Recommendation on Socio-economic Development and the Food-Fuel Conflict in Africa, May 2009, Lusaka
- COMPETE Best Practice Principles, May 2009, Lusaka
- Sustainable Bioenergy Projects in Africa: Barriers and Opportunities for Financing, Conference Report and Recommendations, September 2009, Dakar
- Practical Guidelines For Investors In Sustainable Bio-Energy In Africa, September 2009, Dakar







COMPETE Follow-up

Launch of Bioenergy Competence Platform for Africa

- COMPETE website under www.compete-bioafrica.net
- Provision of information (reports, conferences, policy documents, etc.)
- Regular (bi-monthly) on-line newsletter
- Organisation of COMPETE conferences











COMPETE Conclusions

- There is sufficient arable land available in several African countries to produce food and biofuels
- African countries engage in activities to ensure sustainable biofuels production
- Main sustainability focus in African countries is on social criteria (local value added, land rights, food security, capacity building)
- International cooperation needed to ensure sustainable biofuels production without blocking development opportunities









Thank You!



www.compete-bioafrica.net

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... and Partners

